

## GAIN 18.3 PER CENT

Population Increases 1,852 in a Decade.

## THE GROWTH IS SLOWER.

During the Ten Years Ending 1890 the City's Increase Was 3,256, or 47.6 Per Cent—The County Remains in Sixth Place, With a Population of 94,747.

Massillon's population, officially announced as 11,944 by the census bureau, shows an increase of 1,852, or 18.3 per cent, since 1890. In 1890 the city's population was 10,092. The increase during the decade ending 1890 was 3,256, or 47.6 per cent. Two Ohio cities of Massillon's size, according to the report, are Ironton and Marion, whose populations are 11,868 and 11,862, respectively. The populations of other cities of this vicinity have been announced as follows: Alliance, 8,974; Barboursburg, 4,354; Canal Dover, 5,422; New Philadelphia, 6,218; Norwalk, 7,074; Wooster, 6,063; Salem, 7,562; Tiffin, 10,980.

Stark county's population is 94,477, and that of adjoining counties is as follows: Carroll, 16,711; Columbiana, 68,590; Holmes, 19,511; Mahoning, 70,134; Portage, 29,246; Wayne, 37,870; Tuscarawas, 53,751; Summit, 71,815.

The announcement created no surprise in the city, as THE INDEPENDENT's estimate of the city's population, made several months ago, was known to have been based upon facts obtained after a thorough investigation and canvass not unlike that of the census enumerators. THE INDEPENDENT predicted that the population would not exceed 11,950. At the time it announced its estimate, this paper obtained a number of estimates from city officials and others in a position to judge, and the following are some of them: City Clerk Seaman, 12,500; Policeman Wissmar, 18,000; Mayor Wise, 13,000; Sanitary Policeman Elsass, 14,000; Marshal Kitchen, 15,000; Squire Sibila, 14,995; Postmaster Koons, 13,000; Solicitor Young, 13,910.

Stark county, with a population of 94,747, maintains its position as the sixth county in the state, being exceeded in number of inhabitants only by Cuyahoga, Hamilton, Lucas, Franklin and Montgomery counties. The county's population in 1890 was 84,170, the gain in the ten years being 13,277, or 15.8 per cent. In 1880, the county's population was 64,081. The increase in the decade ending 1890 was 20,139, or 31.4 per cent. The least populous county is Vinton, whose inhabitants number 15,380.

According to the reports of Health Officer T. Clarke Miller for the past ten years, the births in the city have exceeded the deaths by 1,341 during that period. This fact, and the knowledge that new industries have brought hundreds of families to Massillon from other towns, shows there has been a large number of removals from the city.

## NEW PLANT FOR CANAL DOVER.

C. M. Schwab, of the Carnegie Company Interested.

A special from Canal Dover to the Cleveland Plain Dealer says: "C. M. Schwab, the Pittsburgh magnate and the right hand man of Andrew Carnegie, slipped in to this city early this week and spent the day in company with a well known local manufacturer. Mr. Schwab kept himself well under cover, and his coming did not leak out until after he had returned to Pittsburgh. While here the Pittsburgh iron man was driven over the territory between here and New Philadelphia, and it is now reported from an authentic source that he, with local capital, will begin the erection of a large steel plant here in the near future. Land on which these mills are to be located is owned privately here and Mr. Schwab is reported to have said that he is greatly attracted by the site and the shipping facilities offered."

## AKRON-CANTON ELECTRIC LINE

William A. Lynch, of Canton, Interested in the Enterprise.

A dispatch from Akron to the Pittsburgh Times says: "It is positively stated by Akron people associated with William A. Lynch, of Canton, that he will organize a company to build an electric road from Canton to Akron within a few months. The past week men have been inspecting the proposed route along Turkeyfoot lake, Long lake and the reservoir, south of Akron. Mr. Lynch and the Northern Ohio Traction company, of Akron, have a verbal agreement that he is to build the road between Canton and Akron and in this city make use of the latter's tracks."

## THE CITY'S POPULATION.

Census Bureau Officially Announces It as 11,944.

The census bureau officially announced the population of Massillon to be 11,944 yesterday. THE INDEPENDENT's estimate of the city's population, made several months ago, after a canvass similar to that of the enumerators, was 11,950. In 1890 the city had 10,092 inhabitants.

I hereby forbid hunting or trespassing on farms owned by Cyrus O. Young.

Do you read the want columns daily?

## JUDGE A. J. RICKS.

Continued Ill Health May Cause His Retirement.

The Cleveland Plain Dealer of today says: "Efforts are being made, it is said, to induce Judge A. J. Ricks, of the United States district court, to retire. Under the federal law a judge who, at the age of seventy years, has seen twenty years of service as United States judge can be retired on full pay. Judge Ricks is not seventy years old, and has not been a United States judge for the allotted number of years. It is also reported that at the next session of congress an amendment to this law will be passed, providing that a judge of the United States court may be retired for disability or age, and at an earlier age than now, and still receive full pay."

## ABOUT THE INJURED

J. O. Garrett in a Serious Condition.

## BOY SCALDS HIS HANDS.

Darwin Berry Did Not Know That the Soap was Boiling in the Kettle About Which He Played—John Stutz, Subject to St. Vitus's Dance, Has a Bad Fall.

Attorney John O. Garrett's injuries, sustained recently in a fall down a flight of stairs, have proved to be very serious, a complete recovery being extremely doubtful. The head of a long bone of the right arm is fractured into small fragments, and the shoulder is considerably hurt. Mr. Garrett is attended by Dr. J. F. Gardner, of West Brookfield. Darwin, the young son of the Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Berry, of West Brookfield, who, in a playful mood, thrust both hands into a kettle filled with boiling soap, is reported very much better today. Dr. B. J. Miller dressed the child's injuries. The Rev. Mr. Berry is the pastor of the Lutheran church at West Brookfield.

John Stutz, aged 17 years, a stepson of Matthew Engle, of West Brookfield, fell and fractured his collarbone while about to ascend the steps leading to his home the other evening. The young man is subject to St. Vitus's dance, which disease was responsible for his losing his balance and falling. Dr. J. F. Gardner reduced the fracture.

## BRIGHT OUTLOOK AT DOVER.

Old Industries Start Up and New Ones Building.

Inside a few days the immense Reeves Sheet Steel Company at Canal Dover, will probably be in operation, and the four hundred who were thrown out of employment last July, will again be drawing wages. A force of men are at work putting the machinery of the mill in shape for immediate resumption of operation, and it is expected some departments of the plant will be in operation inside a couple days. The prolonged suspension of the Canal Dover mills is believed to be due to the differences existing between the American Sheet Steel Company, and the Republic Iron Company. It appears that when the Reeves Company disposed of its property to the American Sheet Steel Company, the bar mill was purchased by the Republic Iron Company. The situation of the mills pending the operation of the sheet mills until the bar mills were disposed of. The subject created quite a great deal of controversy, but the matter is now settled and the bar mill is being torn away. While the steel industry is being revived in Canal Dover, other industries are being erected. The Corrugated Roofing Plant Company, being built by the Reeves Company, is now almost under cover, and it will be but a short time until nearly one hundred men will get employment. Ground was broken last week for a steel iron factory which will employ about fifty men.—Uhrichsville Chronicle.

## JOHN ROSEMAN MANAGER.

Military Band Elects Him to Succeed the Late J. J. Ess.

The Massillon Military band Wednesday evening elected John Roseman business manager, to serve out the unexpired term of the late Jos. J. Ess. The question of a musical director was talked of but no action was taken. D. P. Ford, of Canal Dover, an applicant for the position, was present and stated that since filing the application the mills in that city had resumed operations and that he being employed there, would be unable to come here. A director will be selected in a short time and regular rehearsals will be held.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best liver pills ever made. Easy to take and never gripe. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Today take Foley's Honey and Tar. It positively prevents pneumonia, or other serious results. It may be too late tomorrow. Rider & Snyder.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will quickly heal the worst burns and scalds and not leave a scar. It can be applied to cuts and raw surfaces with prompt and soothing effect. Use it for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, and Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

## COUNTY SEAT NEWS

Paymaster James S. Barber is Dead.

## THE PRESIDENT'S NEPHEW

Assignment of Cases for Next Week's Sessions of Common Pleas Court—Judge Ambler Will Preside in Court Room No. 2—The Banquet to Judge Taylor.

CANTON, Nov. 16.—Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Barber received a telegram from President McKinley yesterday announcing the death of their son, James S. Barber, aged 26, at Hongkong. The deceased was assistant paymaster in the United States navy, on board the Don Juan de Austria, which has been stationed at Hongkong for several months. He was taken ill about a month ago. Last August he was married to a Miss Whitely, of San Francisco, and it is supposed his wife was with him at the time of his death, although it was her intention to start for this country several weeks ago. No funeral arrangements have yet been made, but the body will ultimately be brought to this country for burial. The deceased was a nephew of President McKinley.

The assignments for next week in common pleas court have been made. There is a full assignment for both of the court rooms. In court room No. 1 Judge McCarty presiding, fourteen cases have been assigned, all being jury cases. In court room No. 2, Judge Ambler presiding, only equity cases are assigned. Twenty-five cases are on the assignment for that court. The following are the assignments:

COURT ROOM NO. 1.

Monday, November 19.—Heiman's admr. vs. C. T. & V. R. R. Co.; White vs. Essig et al.

Tuesday—Bowers vs. Penna. Co.; Louisville Deposit Bank vs. Schlott; Decker vs. Warthorst.

Wednesday—Fife vs. City of Canton; Carnes vs. Longsdorf et al.; Ball vs. Commissioners of Stark Co.

Thursday—Boirdan vs. Essner's Exr.; Sprinkle vs. Crow; Sprinkle's Admr. vs. Bennett et al.

Friday—Koehler vs. Mossholder et al.; Ohio ex rel. Barnett vs. Middaugh; Roman Catholic St. Peter's Aid Society, Canton, O., vs. Nock et al.

COURT ROOM NO. 2.

Monday, November 19, hearing motion docket: Richards vs. Deekard, et al.; Louisville Deposit Bank vs. Schlott; Graham vs. Veteran Memorial Association, et al.; Kane vs. Steiner, et al.; Best vs. Ohio Dairy and Provision Co., et al.

Tuesday—Pitkin vs. Crocker, et al.; Madden vs. Webb, et al.; Molitor vs. Molitor; Fulton Tool & Mfg. Co. vs. Fulton Tool Works; Massillon Loan & Building Co. vs. Frantz, et al.

Wednesday—Savings & Loan Co. vs. Eicher, et al.; Savings & Loan Co. vs. Oberlin, et al.; Savings & Loan Co. vs. Eicher, et al.; Harter vs. Yengling et al.; Snyder vs. Braucher, et al.

Thursday—Zaiser, Sheriff, etc., vs. Criswell, et al.; Stanley vs. Stanley; Smith vs. Smith; Krause & Co. vs. Massillon & Cleveland Coal Co., et al.; Mortensen vs. Troy Laundry Co.

Friday—Schneider vs. Schneider; Gruenberg vs. Gruenberg; Larkins vs. Larkins, et al.; Haenni vs. Haenni; Piero vs. Reid, et al.

CANTON, Nov. 15.—Candidates at the recent election are filing their expense accounts with the clerk of the courts. Ralph S. Ambler gives the following itemized account, amounting in the aggregate to \$289.15: Carroll county picnic, \$2.90; Youngstown meeting, \$6.25; Carroll county assessment, \$75; Stark county assessment, \$100; Columbiana county assessment, \$100; Canton colored Republican club, \$2; Carroll county fair, \$1; Canal Fulton meeting, \$1; Canton colored club rally, \$1. Harry Hill, for county commissioner, contributed \$150 to the Republican committee fund, and other expenses amounted to \$45.10, a total of \$195.10.

Official returns received by Secretary Agler, of the Stark county board of elections, from the three counties comprising the Ninth judicial district, show Ambler's majority over Krichbaum to be 7,171. The following is the vote in each county: Stark—Ambler, 12,924; Krichbaum, 10,947. Columbiana—Ambler, 10,351; Krichbaum, 5,981. Carroll—Ambler, 2,663; Krichbaum, 1,787. Total for Ambler, 25,888, and for Krichbaum, 18,665.

The committee appointed to visit the criminal and charitable institutions of the county have submitted their report to Judge McCarty. The report is highly favorable in all cases, so far as the management of the institutions is concerned, but in the case of the infirmary the buildings and accommodations for the inmates are severely criticized. The committee especially condemns the practice of keeping insane patients at the institution—a practice which is a direct violation of law. The committee refers to the fact that contracts for the improvement of the institution are given to men who have "influence," regardless of their fitness for the work, and recommends that in the future more care be exercised in the selection of contractors and architects, to the end that the unfortunates who are county charges

may receive the maximum of benefit at a minimum of cost.

Rollison W. Klingel and Elizabeth Boughman, guardians of the estate of Bertha May Boughman, have petitioned to have the court order Malcolm Boughman and Emma Boughman to make a deed to other heirs of the estate for the undivided one-half interest in 160 acres in Sugarcreek township.

## REPORT OF HOLD-UP

Proved to be Assault, Without Robbery.

## KNOCKED FROM HIS WHEEL

A Boy Named Newstetter Struck in the Face as He was Passing Two Intoxicated Strangers—The Deputy Game Warden is at Home Counting His Money.

The report that someone had been assaulted and robbed on the East Side, which was current on Wednesday evening, proved to be only partially true. At 5:45 o'clock Wednesday evening Policemen Budd and Wissmar were called to Wellman street, where a boy named Newstetter informed them that he had been assaulted by two intoxicated men, who had disappeared, moving toward Main street. The officers, presuming that the men had boarded a Canton car, telephoned to the Canton police. The latter could not find the men.

The Newstetter boy sustained a very painful injury. "I was standing in the street," he told the officers, "when a boy comes along and tells me I am wanted by two men down the street. Well, I jumped on my wheel and rode down. When I got to where the men were one of them struck me in the face and knocked me from my bicycle."

Later Policeman Witman was notified that two intoxicated men were annoying people in the vicinity of Center street. He hurried thither, but could find no trace of the persons. It is supposed that these were the men who assaulted young Newstetter.

A BREATHING SPELL.

"I'm going to stay in town and enjoy a breathing spell," remarked Deputy Game Warden Dungeleson this morning. "My cases during the five days since the season opened number a few more than twenty-five, and I believe I've earned my vacation. I hear the boys saying that this permit law is a bad one, and that, like other game laws, is so absurd that it cannot be enforced, but I haven't heard of any of them making a test case. To tell the truth about it, the season hasn't brought me what I expected and what it ought to. It ought to be good for a couple of hundred cases." Dungeleson receives all of the fines collected for violations of the permit law. His receipts for the past five days were \$210.

## FOR CLERKS AND CARRIERS.

Civil Service Examination to be Held December 15.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces that on December 15, 1900, an examination will be held in this city for the positions of clerk and carrier in the postoffice service. An examination was recently held which failed to result in a sufficient number of eligibles to meet the needs of the service; consequently it is necessary to hold another examination. All persons who have been examined for the position of clerk or carrier within the past year and failed to pass may be re-examined upon filing a new application in due time.

This examination offers an excellent opportunity for entering the federal service to bright, energetic young persons who are not afraid of hard work, and the commission hopes that a sufficient number of intelligent, active persons will present themselves for this examination. It may be stated that there is a wider field for advancement upon merit in the federal service than in many private employments, not only by promotion in the same office, but by transfer to other parts of the service.

The nature of the examination is a test of practical, general intelligence, and of adaptability in postoffice work. The age limitations for this examination are as follows: Clerk, not less than 18 years; carrier, between 21 and 40 years.

Applicants for male clerk and carrier must have the medical certificate in form 101 executed. Applicants for carrier must be at least 5 feet 4 inches in height and weigh not less than 125 pounds. Female applicants are not required to have this certificate executed.

This examination is open to all citizens of the United States who may desire to enter the service, and who comply with the requirements. All such persons are invited to apply, but attention is invited to the fact that from those certified the department usually selects for appointment eligibles who are residents of the district in which the vacancies exist. Applicants will be examined, graded and certified with entire impartiality and wholly without regard to any consideration save their ability as shown by the grade attained in the examination.

For application blank (Form 101), full instructions, specimen examination questions, and information relative to the duties and salaries of the different positions, application should be made to the undersigned. Applications must be on file with the secretary of the local board before the hour of closing business on December 7, 1900.

W. F. BROWN, Secretary Postal Board.

## THE NEWS BY WIRE

No Change in the South's Representation.

## PRESIDENT OPPOSES IT.

Indians on the Warpath Attack a Mormon Settlement—No Action Taken by Colorado Authorities in the Burning of Porter—New Railroad From Sandusky to Mansfield.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—[By Associated Press]—Public men who are in the confidence of the President believe that he will oppose any movement looking to a reduction of the congressional representation of the southern states, on account of the disfranchisement of colored voters. The President is said to be opposed to reviving ill feeling, which he thinks would be the result of a bill thus touching the South's suffrage. On account of the President's attitude there is a growing opinion that such legislation will not be pressed by party leaders in congress. In this connection it is suggested that any action taken with reference to the suffrage of the South in advance of the adoption of a definite policy in the Philippines might throw some embarrassment in the way of the proper disposition of the citizenship rights of the Filipinos, and, moreover, it is felt that the government has as much as it can deal with now without getting into a contention over domestic affairs.

## INDIANS ON WARPATH.

They Attack a Mormon Settlement in Mexico.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 17.—[By Associated Press.]—The Apache Indians in Arizona are on the warpath, and yesterday attacked the Mormon settlement at Pacheco, Mexico, about one hundred miles from here. Twelve Mormons were killed and about the same number of Indians. Army officers discredit the story that the attack was made by Apaches, as they have been quiet for a number of years. It is believed the Indians belong to the Tiqui tribe, which has been quite turbulent of late, committing numerous outrages on settlers in Northern Mexico.

## HELD NO INQUEST.

Seven Hundred Witnessed the Burning of Porter.

LIMON, Col., Nov. 17.—[By Associated Press.]—No inquest will be held over the remains of the Negro, Porter, who was burned to death by a mob last night at Lake Station, for the murder of little Louise Frost. Over seven hundred witnessed the burning. Women visited the place before the match was applied, but none remained. They all favored the burning of the negro.

## NEW ELECTRIC ROAD.

From Sandusky to Mansfield via Norwalk.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 17.—[By Associated Press.]—The Sandusky, Norwalk & Southern railway has been incorporated with a capital of \$400,000. It will be extended from Norwalk to Mansfield, and will do regular railroad business, using electricity as a motive power.

## TOWN BEING DESTROYED.

Fire is Raging in Philippi, West Virginia.

PHILIPPI, W. Va., Nov. 17.—[By Associated Press.]—Fire today in the center of town threatens destruction of the entire place. The Plain Dealer office, hotel, several business blocks and three residences are already destroyed.

## TWO LARGE SHIPS.

Thirty-Three Thousand Tons Displacement Each.

LONDON, Ct., Nov. 17.—Work began this week on the laying of the keel of the mammoth iron steamships to be built at the works of the Eastern Shipbuilding Co. at Greston, opposite New London, and from this date the work of putting together the hulls of the ships will go rapidly on.

There was issued from the office of the company today an authoritative statement regarding the size of the ships, which shows them to be larger than any vessels in the world now building or planned. The new vessels will be of 20,000 tons register and 33,000 tons displacement, or just 10,000 tons more displacement than the new Atlantic greyhound Deutschland. The new steamers which are being built primarily for cargo carriers are not as long as many Atlantic liners, but are much wider and deeper. The following are the principal dimensions of the vessels: Length 630 feet, beam 73 feet, depth 56 feet. The vessels have a speed of 14 knots an hour and carry over 4,000 tons of coal in bunkers.

## ACCEPTS THE PRESIDENCY.

The Rev. H. J. Schuh will Go to Capital University.

The Rev. L. H. Barry, pastor of the St. Paul's Lutheran church, and secretary of the board of directors of Capital University, at Columbus, Saturday received word from the Rev. H. J. Schuh, of Allegheny, that he will accept the presidency of Capital University, which was recently offered him by the board. The Rev. Mr. Schuh succeeds the Rev. Dr. F. W. Stellhorn, who will, however, continue to be connected with the university in the capacity of theological instructor. Mr. Schuh is one of the most distinguished men in the Lutheran ministry. For sixteen years he has been pastor of St. John's congregation, at Allegheny, the largest in the Ohio synod, during which period he has founded the St. John's Home for the Aged, St. John's hospital, and has completed plans for the establishment of an orphan's home in the spring.

## THE NEW PULPIT.

Sermon Was Preached Therefrom Sunday.

MADE AT COST OF \$1,000.

The Congregation of St. Mary's Church Purchases a Magnificent Ornament—It is Eight Feet High, is a Hexagon in Form, and is Supported by Six Onyx Columns.

The handsome new pulpit purchased by the congregation of St. Mary's church at a cost of \$1,000 has been installed in its permanent position, and the Rev. Mr. Kaempker Sunday delivered his first sermon therefrom. The pulpit is located in the northeast portion of the church, some distance removed from the center aisle, in which its predecessor stood. The public is invited to attend the service or call at the church to view the pulpit, which is one of the most magnificent to be found in this part of the state.

The pulpit is eight feet high, and rests upon six onyx columns, the pedestal being of highly polished oak. The bases and the capitals of the columns are of the brightest of brass. The pulpit proper is hexagonal in form, the six columns being of onyx, open scroll work in polished brass extending from each to the other. In the center of the pulpit appears the figure of Christ in raised work, and upon the brass panels are the four emblems of the evangelists, the angel, the lion, the eagle and the ox, also in raised work.

Velvet is to be hung in the interior, extending from the platform to the railing, thus bringing out more effectively the beauties of the scroll work. Ordinarily the velvet will be of red. On occasion of the high feasts white will be used, and at Advent and during Lent the color will be purple. Black will be substituted at funerals, on Good Friday and on All Souls' Day. The staircase at the rear of the pulpit is supported by a steel frame. The banisters are of brass, and the steps of oak. The sound board, oval in shape, suspended just above the pulpit, slanting to the rear, is eight feet in diameter and is of the latest design. By its aid a person speaking from the pulpit is enabled to make himself heard distinctly in all parts of the church. A bronze dove, the emblem of the Holy Ghost, is attached to the foremost portion of the screen.

The pulpit was made in New York. It arrived in Massillon on Thursday. The \$1,000 which the pulpit represents was raised in a short time by Fred R. Foster and Joseph Schneider, a committee appointed for the purpose.

The altar of the church is now lighted by electricity, a large number of one and three-candle power incandescent lamps emitting a soft glow through globes of variegated colors, having been put into use.

Another beautiful ornament, which is soon to have a place in St. Mary's church, is a crib, now being made in Paris, the cost of which will be \$300.

## JOHN SHERMAN'S BROTHER.

DES MOINES, Nov. 17.—[By Associated Press.]—Lampson P. Sherman, brother of the late John Sherman, suffered a stroke of paralysis today, and may not recover.

## New Telephones.

The Massillon Telephone Company has placed telephones in the following business places and residences: J. W. Schuckers, North Lawrence, No. 268; H. A. Croxton, 116, Albert Loew, 374; C. M. Oatman, 387; John Morris, 370; C. F. Rehfuss, 382; L. J. Kerrigan, 378; C. L. Baatz, 366; W. S. Holloway, 400.

## The Guilty Punished.

J. Johnson, arrested this afternoon by Policeman Wissmar, admitted that he was the man who assaulted the Newstetter boy, in Wellman street, the other evening. He was fined \$25 and costs. W. Ream, who was with Johnson at the time, was fined \$5 and costs, pleading guilty to a charge of intoxication.

Many of your friends, or people whom you know of, have contracted consumption or pneumonia by neglect of a simple cold or cough. Foley's Honey and Tar a safe, sure and pleasant cough medicine, would have saved them. It is guaranteed. Rider & Snyder.



## THE INDEPENDENT

## THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,  
2 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863.  
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1867.  
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.  
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on  
sale at Bahney's Book Store, Ham-  
merlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad),  
and Bert Hankin's News stand in  
North Mill street.

MONDAY NOVEMBER 19 1900

THE INDEPENDENT congratulates West Lebanon upon its growth of population. The inhabitants of that prosperous village have increased from 180 to 350 in the past year. West Lebanon is just across the line between Stark and Wayne counties and partakes of all the most desirable attributes of each.

Public anxiety in European capitals will remain strained until that none too robust monarch, the Czar of Russia, recovers. At the present critical state of international affairs even the temporary weakening of the influence of so favorable a factor as is the Czar in the maintenance of the world's peace justifies grave solicitude.

Special reports received by the Pittsburgh Coal company in declaring that a regular line of boats will enable American coal to be sold abroad in great quantities, furnishing additional evidence of the fact that in constructive legislation by congress the first matter of importance is a set of revised laws for our merchant marine.

When Senator Hanna first made his bow to the public as a campaign orator Democratic predictions of the fatal results to the Republican ticket sure to follow were loud and long. The attention of Mr. Bryan's organs should now be called to the fact that the states in which Senator Hanna spoke did not roll up a majority for the opposition.

The New York Sun calls attention to a curious coincidence involved in the solicitations of two states for government aid in making two great fairs successful. One fair is to be held at Charleston in 1902, the other in St. Louis in 1903. The two states involved are the Democratic strongholds of Missouri and South Carolina, according to whose party creeds such expenditures on the part of the federal government used to be impossible.

The magnificent pulpit which has just been placed in position in St. Mary's church is another worthy exponent of the worth of the Rev. Henry V. Kaempfer, to whose brilliant preaching and ability as an executive the church owes much. Under the Rev. Mr. Kaempfer's administration the church has been beautified and improved in many ways, its financial standing has been kept uniformly good and the relations between its rector and congregation have been of the closest and most cordial description.

The Protestant Episcopal church in America has taken the first step towards prohibiting the remarriage of divorced persons by Episcopal clergymen. The canon prepared by a special committee appointed to consider the subject of divorce will be reported to the next annual convention of the church, and if adopted, as there is every prospect that they will be, will be a declaration against divorce stronger than that which has been made by any other Protestant denomination and similar to the stringent law of the Roman Catholic church on the subject.

Automobiles are being used for delivery wagons, ambulances and even hearses, but it has remained for a New Jersey undertaker to introduce them for use as catafalques. That there is plenty of superstition left in this practical age was shown by the fact that when the auto-catafalque was used for the first time at a church funeral mourners, bearers and congregation fled when it moved up the aisle with the coffin, and that it took the undertaker several minutes to subdue the panic and explain that the bier was not endowed with supernatural powers.

The generous offer of Yale college to educate native Filipinos free of charge is the result of a plan originated by Civil Service Commissioner Proctor, who has been corresponding with a number of college and university presidents in order to ascertain how far their help could be enlisted in educating a number of bright, capable young Filipinos in this country. Mr. Proctor's plan is a wise one. The experiment of educating the Japanese and Chinese in our colleges has been entirely successful and nothing will do more for the civilization of the Philippines than to educate a number of their inhabitants and send them back to teach their people. The generosity of the colleges will also be a substantial evidence of our

thoughtful care for the inhabitants of our new possessions.

Henry Clews, in his financial review for the week, notes that the building up of the ports of trade on the Pacific coast will be so extensive and rapid that the Atlantic ports will before long begin to feel the competition of the Western coast of our country. Our grasp of the Philippine islands, and the foothold in trade and greater share of confidence in our disinterestedness as regards territorial encroachment which is fast gaining in the Chinese empire, he says, will finally consummate the preparations for as great business and prosperity for the Pacific coast states as have heretofore been enjoyed by those of the Atlantic coast.

It has been asserted that should President McKinley fail to reorganize his cabinet at the beginning of his second term it will be an event unprecedented in history. This is not true. Neither Washington nor Monroe made any change whatever in his cabinet in beginning his second term. The only change made by Lincoln was to substitute Hugh McCulloch for William Pitt Fessenden, as secretary of the treasury. Madison made two changes in his cabinet just before beginning his second term, appointing John Armstrong, secretary of war, in place of William Eustis and William Jones, secretary of the navy, in place of Paul Hamilton, but made no changes after his inauguration. Jackson began his second term without changing his cabinet in the slightest, but made two changes in it within two months after his inauguration. Jefferson, on beginning his second term, made only one change, appointing Robert Smith, Attorney General, in place of Levi Lincoln. Later in the year he changed his secretary of the navy. During Grant's two administrations there were many changes, but he made no reorganization at the beginning of his second term, the only change then being the appointment of William A. Richardson as secretary of the treasury in place of George S. Boutwell. So far from violating precedent, therefore, President McKinley is following it.

## COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Citizens Meet and Discuss the Telephone Franchise Question

CANTON, Nov. 17.—A meeting was called in the assembly room of the city building last night by the Business Men's Association to discuss the matter of the franchise for the Stark Telephone Company, which will come up before the city council Monday night. Business men and citizens generally were asked to attend and express their views. There were very few business men present, however, and most of them were interested in one or the other of the companies. The meeting was presumably for the purpose of influencing the members of the council. Johnson Sherrick and Joseph Bour spoke at some length in opposition to the granting of the franchise. They were the only members of the association who spoke. O. E. Young, E. E. Fox and D. C. Borton, of Massillon, were present. Mr. Young spoke in favor of the granting of the franchise. The other gentlemen did not speak. Mr. Fox is interested in the Independent telephone line in Massillon. The case of Kohler vs. the J. H. Eller Roofing Company, which has been on trial before Judge McCarty all week, was finished last night, when at 10:30 the jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff, allowing damages in the sum of \$750. This case attracted a great deal of attention, on account of the hearing it had on similar conditions where manufacturing establishments are in close proximity to dwellings.

In the guardianship of Winfield Hensel, the sale of real estate has been confirmed and deed ordered.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Massillon—Per Lee Hunt to J. H. Hunt, part of lots 111 and 112, first ward \$1,000.

L. A. Blanchard to Charles and Harry Clasper, east half of lots 1043, 1044 and 1045, first ward, \$540.

P. L. Hunt to C. L. McLain, part of lots 111 and 112, first ward, \$1,360.

Perry township—Wm. Stuhldreher to A. Stuhldreher, Earl out lots, 4.09 acres, \$360; Earl out lots, 1.38 acres, \$160.

August Stuhldreher to O. Stuhldreher, Earl out lots, 4.09 acres, \$360; Earl out lots, 1.38 acres, \$160.

A marriage license has been granted to Frank Heckerthorn, of Sugar Creek, and Augusta Dredet, of Massillon.

## DECIDE YOURSELF.

The Opportunity is Here, Backed by Massillon Testimony.

Don't take our word for it.  
Don't depend on a stranger's statement.

Read Massillon endorsement.

Read the statements of Massillon citizens.

And decide for yourself.

Here is one case of it:

Mr. Gustav J. Sailer, owner of the Hotel Sailer, and an extensive cigar manufacturer says: "I give all the weight my name possesses to the endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills. This remedy possesses wonderful curative powers. I do not know how many boxes I have bought at Z. T. Balitzky's drug store, but I do know that the results obtained from their use, stamp the remedy as an honest one. No one need have any hesitation in using Doan's Kidney Pills when their kidneys are out of order."

Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-McMullen Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agent for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

## POPULATION OF OHIO.

13.2 Per Cent Increase In Ten Years.

THE FIGURES ARE 4,157,545.

The Number of Inhabitants About Ten Years Ago Were Placed at 3,198,002, Showing Increase of 485,229—Population by Counties.

Washington, Nov. 15.—The population of the state of Ohio, as officially announced, is 4,157,545, against 3,672,316 in 1890. These figures show an increase since 1890 of 485,229, of 13.2 per cent.

The population in 1890 was 3,198,002, showing an increase of 474,254, or 14.8 per cent from 1880 to 1890.

The population by counties follows:

Adams	26,328
Allon	47,976
Ashland	21,184
Ashtabula	51,448
Athens	38,728
Auglaize	31,192
Belmont	60,875
Brown	28,237
Butler	56,870
Carroll	16,811
Champaign	26,642
Clark	58,939
Clermont	31,610
Clinton	24,202
Columbiana	65,390
Coshocton	29,337
Crawford	33,915
Cuyahoga	439,120
Darke	42,532
Defiance	26,387
Delaware	26,401
Erie	37,650
Fairfield	34,259
Fayette	21,735
Franklin	164,460
Fulton	22,801
Gallia	27,918
Geauga	14,744
Greene	31,613
Guernsey	34,125
Hamilton	49,470
Hancock	41,933
Hardin	31,187
Harrison	20,496
Henry	27,282
Highland	20,992
Hocking	24,398
Holmes	19,511
Huron	22,330
Jackson	34,248
Jefferson	44,377
Knox	27,768
Lake	21,680
Lakeview	39,534
Licking	47,070
Logan	30,420
Lorain	54,857
Lucas	133,559
Madison	20,594
Mahoning	70,121
Marion	28,787
Medina	21,958
Meigs	28,620
Meigs	28,621
Miami	43,105
Monroe	27,031
Montgomery	130,140
Morgan	17,905
Morrow	17,879
Muskingum	33,185
Noble	19,466
Ottawa	22,213
Paulding	27,528
Perry	31,841
Pickaway	27,016
Pike	18,172
Portage	29,246
Preble	23,713
Putnam	22,525
Richland	44,289
Ross	40,940
Sandusky	24,311
Scioto	40,981
Seneca	41,163
Shelby	24,625
Stark	94,747
Summit	71,715
Trembly	16,794
Tuscarawas	33,734
Union	22,542
Vinton	30,394
Xenia	15,330
Warren	25,584
Washington	18,245
Wayne	37,876
Williams	24,973
Wood	51,555
Wyandot	21,125

## THE POWERS ARE UNITED.

Kaiser So Stated to German Reichstag.  
Expressed Sorrow For Death  
of King Humbert.

Berlin, Nov. 15.—The reichstag re-assembled here. The speech from the throne dwelt at considerable length on the events in China, which have excited such deep emotion among civilized people. He further said in part:

"My minister died at the hand of an assassin, in a courageous attempt to overcome the rising peril. The foreigners at the capital saw themselves threatened, life and limb. These things of horror united the civilized community, where otherwise there was a divergence. All nations against which the unparalleled onslaught was directed drew closer. Their sons fought with one mind, shoulder to shoulder, even as yonder standards float side by side. So the governments show themselves in council, united with the sole wish to restore an orderly state of things as speedily as possible, and after the punishment of the chief culprits, avert a recurrence in the future of such a disturbance of the peace of the world."

In announcing that the relations of Germany with all the powers are good, the speech recalls his majesty's sorrow at the assassination of King Humbert, of Italy, saying he was "my ally and dear friend, who fell a victim to a damnable outrage."

## MISS MORGAN TO MARRY.

Financier's Daughter to Wed a Lawyer

Today Rev. Dr. Ralston to Officiate.

New York, Nov. 15. Miss Louisa Pierpont Morgan, eldest daughter of J. Pierpont Morgan, will be married this afternoon to Herbert Livingston Satterlee, a lawyer of this city. The ceremony will be solemnized in St. George's church, and the Rev. Dr. Ralston will officiate.

The wedding itself will be magnificent. St. George's church and the Morgan mansion, where the reception will be held, will be bowered with flowers.

## LABOR REPORTED SCARCE.

Dun's Review Says It Gives Middle State Manufacturers Great Concern.

Points Also Trade.

New York, Nov. 17.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Prices of commodities advance almost without exception, and all the changes in manufactured goods are in the direction of firmer quotations. The smallness of stocks of goods carried is a feature of our reports from most of the leading centers. Scarcity of labor gives manufacturers in the middle states great concern.

Activity at iron and steel mills steadily increases, and there is an equally uniform advance in quotations. The gain has been more general than at any previous time this season, pig iron moving up 25c a ton, and corresponding gains appearing in bars, billets, plates and structural materials generally. Instead of the recent agitation for cheaper steel rails there is now talk of an advance to \$28, owing to the further rise in steel billets. Orders come forward in the best volume since last spring, when there was severe inflation of prices, and requests for quick delivery are general. The report of pig iron production on Nov. 1, by The Iron Age, shows a weekly capacity of only 215,204 tons, the smallest since September, 1898, but the reduction of 29,000 tons from Oct. 1 in furnace stocks is most encouraging. These figures, with the activity in all branches of the industry, indicate that there will be no further reduction in output, but the December statement will probably show more than 200 furnaces in blast.

Woolen manufacturers are not seeking raw material in great quantity and wool is not changed in price. Sales at the three chief eastern markets have again increased, while western consigners still insist that commission men shall not accept lower bids.

A temporary flurry in the wheat market on Monday took the December option above 80c. It was reported that Wall street operators were turning their attention to grain. Publication of the usual weekly statistics had a depressing effect, however, particularly the enormous exports from Russia, which were a contradiction of earlier statements that the crop was short in Northern Europe. Liverpool selling was large, and realizing soon made a decline of over 2c, which exceeded the previous advance. The much discussed advance in meats at Chicago was not heavy, but scarcity of first quality fresh eggs has brought very high prices.

Failures for the week were 217 in the United States, against 219 last year, and 33 in Canada, against 20 last year.

## A DAY IN WALL STREET.

Good Showing In Some Stocks—Money Easier.

New York, Nov. 17.—There was no important exception to the upward course of prices Friday, and among the stocks of railroads all through the south and west, including the Trans-Continental lines, the strength was astonishingly uniform. There was scarcely a railroad stock traded in within those limits that did not gain at least a point. Not a few rose 2 points or over, while Burlington and Atchafalpa preferred gained respectively 3 1/2 and 3 1/4. The soft coal roads also made a good show of strength.

The iron and steel stocks were notably strong, and in Colorado Fuel the gain was 4 1/2, in Tennessee Coal 3 1/2, and in Hoop preferred 3 1/2. Others of the group gained 2 points or upwards. The local traction stocks and the high priced industrials were strong, but were not conspicuous. General Electric got up another 6 1/2 points. Consolidated Gas as much, Brooklyn Union gas 4 1/2, while New York Airbrake made one of its characteristic skyrocket flights of 25 points, relapsing half that amount. The growing strength of the market was evidently due to the determined buying of the class which held aloof from the excited trading after the election, confident that reaction must come, which would leave the market healthier, even though at higher prices.

Advance sheets of the trade review for the week expressed so roseate a view of the outlook for general trade as to stimulate speculative sentiment quite notably. A gain in cash reserve is confidently looked for, and the continued tendency towards lower rates for money, which made the maximum rate Saturday for call loans 4 per cent, falling in the late dealings to 3 1/2 per cent, relieved all apprehension over the money outlook. Profits on the day's advances were attractive enough to induce some selling toward the close, but the effect upon prices was slight, and the closing was active and steady.

Prices are very generally higher in bonds. Total sales, par value, \$3,320,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on last call.

## EVENTS IN BRIEF.

James A. Hood, of Pittsburg, has purchased the American hotel at Cambridge Springs for \$14,000.

Harry Morrison was beaten unconscious and robbed near the county home in Westmoreland county, and lay out in the storm all night.

Trains are reported snowbound in Northern Pennsylvania. On the Pittsburgh division of the Baltimore and Ohio a fall of 12 inches is reported in the mountains.

James Dugan and Frank Morgan at South Shanon, Pa., had a desperate fight on a scaffold 50 feet high. Dugan's ear was nearly bitten off. Morgan was charged with mayhem.

The Akron high school building was torn down and papers removed from a sealed box, placed in the corner stone, 50 years ago. One of the boxes came a blue bottle fly, alive.

John Sherman and Percy Barker, colored, and two white men were badly injured at the Bentleyville, Pa. Coal company's mine. Tools that were being hauled up dropped down the shaft upon them.

George Washburn, aged 53, of Ehrenfeld, Pa., was found dead on the railroad track near Summer Hill, Pa., his body badly mangled. It is thought he was murdered and robbed and his body placed on the track.

## IN THE ELECTRICAL WORLD.

Recent Dots of the Scientists and Inventors.

A new electric motor for automobiles has been devised which restores energy to the storage battery when the vehicle is running down hill.

It is stated that the British light-house board will adopt a new form of electrically lighted buoy to replace the old bell and gas buoys stationed at various dangerous points along the channel.

The principle of wireless telegraphy has been applied to the steering of torpedoes, and tests made in England recently appear to show that the system is practicable.

The electric car service from Quebec to the shrine of Ste. Anne de Beaupre has been successfully inaugurated. The cars, run at a rate of 12 miles an hour, and there will be 46 trains a day.

In many copper mines the richer bodies of ore have been exhausted, and the remaining rock is of a character too poor in metal to repay the expense of bringing it to the surface and working it for its metallic contents. It has been suggested that an electrolytic process will be able to glean copper from such mines within the minimum of expense and labor.

Platinum is peculiarly the electrician's metal. Its quality of resisting oxidation indefinitely and its ability to make a tight joint with glass when fused into the body of that material or even through the thin wall of an X ray tube make it absolutely invaluable, and no other material can take its place for these uses.

One of the most astonishing features of modern electrical machinery, such as the dynamo or motor, is its extraordinary efficiency in transforming mechanical into electrical energy or vice versa. The equivalent of either kind of energy in terms of the other is known with great exactness, 746 volt amperes or watts of electrical energy being equal to one horsepower.

In Austria the use of electrical power distribution in mills and factories is becoming widespread and almost universal in the important textile industry. Recently a plant has been installed at Rovereto, in the south Tyrol, in which 400 velvet weaving looms are operated by polyphase electric motors from a central power station.

The new Central London electric railway, which opened to public traffic a few weeks ago, has, it is said, proved a prodigious success. During the first four days it was opened no less than 353,000 people availed themselves of this new means of rapid transit, to the detriment of the omnibuses. So startling has been the enthusiastic reception of the innovation that the Underground railway, after many years' controversy and spasmodic experiments, has finally determined to convert the whole of its system to electric traction with all possible dispatch.

## Aluminum Army Utensils.

As early as March 4, 1897, it was decided to furnish the Russian infantry with aluminum cooking utensils, canteens, etc., and quite recently new specifications for certain of these articles have been issued.

The aluminum used must be pure—that is, it must contain not less than 98 per cent of aluminum. Each article must be pressed out of a single plate of aluminum without any seams or solder.

The articles thus far issued to the army are water kettles, canteens and drinking cups.

The kettle (for cooking) has the form of a truncated one, with the larger diameter at the bottom. It stands about five inches high, with a top diameter of 5 1/2 inches and a bottom diameter of 6 1/4 inches, and holds about half a gallon. The bottom is flat, rounded at the edges, and the top is turned over around an aluminum wire and has an iron wire handle catching in aluminum ears riveted on by means of aluminum rivets. The entire weight of the kettle cannot exceed 321 grains (about three-quarters of a pound).

The canteen or water bottle is elliptical in shape, with a conical neck opening outward. In the horizontal cross section the longest diameter measures 4.9 inches, the shortest 2.3 inches. In the vertical section the longest diameter (length to neck) measures 6.7 inches.

The drinking cup is of an elongated oval form in horizontal cross section, widening toward the top, with nearly vertical sides. It weighs less than one ounce.

Recently, however, a rival of aluminum has entered the field—namely, magnallium, which promises even better results.—New York Sun.

## Cork Stone.

Cork parings and waste had been utilized in the manufacture of a pavement material of great value, and now comes a patent for making building blocks and isolating material out of the same substance. The waste is ground up and mixed with certain organic and mineral substances, and molded and pressed into blocks or sheets, according to the use to be subsequently made of it. The new substance is proof against moisture and variations of temperature and seems to fulfill all the requisites of an isolating material. Factories for its manufacture on a large scale are already in operation in Germany, and we believe in England also. The supply of material, however, would seem to be limited.—Popular Science.

## Origin of Camphor.

Formosa produces by far the greatest quantity of camphor. The annual output amounts to between 6,000,000 and 7,000,000 pounds, while the Japanese annual production is about 300,000 and that of China 220,000 pounds.



## Women Wonder Why

They are doomed to so much suffering. But are they doomed? Is not the suffering the result of conditions which under skillful treatment might be entirely cured? Thousands of women who have been great sufferers, have learned that suffering was unnecessary after using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It heals diseases of the delicate womanly organs and banishes the headache, backache and other aches which are the consequence of these diseases.

"Favorite Prescription" is absolutely a temperance medicine in the strictest meaning of the term. It contains no alcohol and is free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

"I wrote you for advice February 4th, 1896," writes Mrs. Anna Haldstad, of Claremore, Cherokee Nat. Ind. Terr. "I was racking with pain from the back of my head down to my heels. Had hemorrhage for weeks at a time, and was unable to sit up for ten minutes at a time. You answered my letter, advised me to use your valuable medicines, viz. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and 'Pleasant Pellets,' also gave advice about injections, baths and diet. To my surprise, in four months from the time I began your treatment I was a well woman and have not had the backache since, and now I put in sixteen hours a day at hard work."

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. All correspondence private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cough or a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. One Minute Cough Cure will cure throat and lung troubles quicker than any other preparation known. Many doctors use it as a specific for grippe. It is an infallible remedy for croup. Children like it and mothers endorse it. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Mrs. T. Briddleman, Parshallville, Mich., was troubled with salt rheum for thirteen years, and had tried a number of doctors without relief. After three applications of Banner Salve her hands became better and in a short time were entirely cured. Rider & Snyder.

If you have ever seen a child in the agony of croup you can realize how grateful mothers are for One Minute Cough Cure, which gives relief as soon as it is administered. It quickly cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, and Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Geo. A. Points, Upper Sandusky, O., writes: "I have been using Foley's Honey and Tar for hoarseness and find it is the best remedy. It stopped the cough immediately and relieved all soreness." Rider & Snyder.

Both makers and circulators of counterfeits commit fraud. Honest men will not deceive you into buying worthless counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The original is infallible for curing piles, sores, eczema and all skin diseases. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, and Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

## Recommend it to Trainmen.

G. H. Hansen, Lima, O., engineer L. E. & W. R. R., writes: "I have been troubled a great deal with backache. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure and one bottle entirely relieved me. I gladly recommend it to anyone, especially my friends the trainmen, who are usually afflicted." Rider & Snyder.

An Opportunity to Travel West Very Cheaply—Reduction Approximating 25 Per Cent. in Passenger Fares to Minnesota, Manitoba, North Dakota, Montana, Washington and Oregon Points.

The traveling public, and those desiring to change location will be interested in the announcement which comes from the Northern Pacific R. Co. of a big reduction in one way and round trip rates to the west. These low rates are made particularly to attract additional settlement and apply to all points in Minnesota, Manitoba, North Dakota, Montana, Washington and Oregon, and tickets may be purchased at St. Paul or Minneapolis on the following dates:

October 16, 23 and 30, 1900.

November 6, 13, 20 and 27, 1900.

February 12, 19 and 26, 1901.

March 5, 12, 19 and 26, 1901.

April 2, 9, 16, 23 and 30, 1901.



## MOB CREMATES A FIEND

### Negro Burned at the Scene of His Crime.

#### VICTIM'S FATHER FIRED PYRE.

**The Black Boy Shrieked In Agony. Begged to Be Shot—Fell Almost Out of Fire and Another Was Built Over His Prostrate Body.**

Limon, Col., Nov. 17.—Chained to a railroad rail set firmly in the ground, on the exact spot where his fiendish crime was committed, Preston Porter, Jr., or, as he was familiarly known, John Porter, paid a terrible penalty for the assault and murder of 11-year-old Louise Frost. The father of the murdered girl touched the match to the fuel which had been piled around the negro, and in about 20 minutes a last convulsive shudder told that life was extinct.

The executioners, who numbered about 300 citizens of Lincoln county, had not the least semblance of the ordinary mob.

Preston Porter did not seem to realize the awful punishment that he was destined to undergo. As he had exhibited indifference to the enormity of his crime, so he seemed to lack all understanding of its terrible consequences. For more than an hour, while preparations for his execution were in progress, he stood mute and sullen among the avengers. When everything was ready he walked to the stake with a firm step, pausing as he reached the circle of broken boards, to kneel in prayer. He was allowed to take his time. He arose and placed his back to the iron stake and half a dozen men wound chains about his body and limbs. Kerosene oil was applied to the wood and after a brief pause Richard W. Frost, the father of little Louise Frost, whose cruelly mutilated body was found one week ago on that very spot, applied the match. For a moment but a little flickering flame arose. Then the oil blazed up, sparks flew into the air and the wood began to crackle. Almost instantly the negro's trousers caught fire. Even though the flesh must have been scorched, he did not utter a sound. The flames crept slowly upward on his clothing, the sparks flew up in a cloud of pale smoke. Porter turned his head and a frightful expression changed his face. With a sudden convulsive tugging he stretched his head as far from the rapidly increasing flames as possible and uttered a cry of pain. "Oh, my God, let me go, men. I've got something more to tell you. Please let me go. Oh, my God, my God? In terrible shrieks those words, the first he had uttered aloud, came from the negro. There was terrible tugging at the chains, a succession of awful groans and screams. The negro's agony was at last breaking down his sullen composure. Nor an oath escaped him, but he begged and pleaded to be shot. Suddenly the rope holding his hands burned through. Then arms, head and shoulders slipped through the chains. For an instant the body stood erect, the arms were raised in supplication while burning pieces of cloth dropped from them. The body then fell away from the fire, the head lower than the feet, still fastened to the rail. This was not expected, and for a few minutes those stolid men were disconcerted. They feared that the only remaining chain would give way. If this had occurred the partly burned human being might have dashed among them in his blazing garments. And not many would have cared to capture him again. But the chain held fast. The body was then in such a position that only the legs were in the fire. The cries of the wretch were redoubled and he again begged to be shot. Some wanted to throw him over into the fire, others tried to dash oil upon him. Boards were carried and a large pile made over the prostrate body. They soon were ignited and the terrible heat and lack of air quickly rendered the victim unconscious, bringing death a few moments later.

After the fire had burned low they told each other good night and they left the scene, apparently for their homes. They did not stop to discuss the affair.

When the train bearing the negro in custody of Sheriff Freeman and his deputies arrived in Limon from Denver the cars were crowded with news paper reporters and people who were curious to see the negro executed. R. W. Frost, the murdered girl's father, was one of the passengers. When the train stopped 16 men, who had been selected by the vigilance committee, entered the train and demanded the prisoner from the sheriff. The officer protested in the name of the law and asked the men to allow him to take his prisoner to the county jail at Hugo, but his protests were disregarded. One man carried a rope, of which had been formed a hangman's noose. This was slipped over the negro's neck. It was at first announced that the negro was to be executed by hanging. Many, including the father of the negro's victim, protested that such a death would be too easy, and it was finally decided to leave the method of death to the outraged father. He decided upon burning at the stake. The train was then allowed to proceed, and at Lake Station, about three miles from Limon, the party left the train and began preparations for the deed of vengeance. Suggestions of mutilation before burning were made, but Mr. Frost declared against them.

The negro had, since his confession, been devoting much time to the perusal of a Bible given him by the Denver father. Even while waiting for his execution he sat by a bonfire reading from the gospel of St. Luke. Just before he was tied to the stake, upon a request for a copy of the book from the leaves of the Bible and distributed them among his executioners.

**Aged Letter Carrier Dead.**  
New York, Nov. 17.—Charles A. Tyler, said to be the oldest letter carrier in the world, is dead. Mr. Tyler, who was about 80 years old, had been in the employ of the postoffice department for 55 years. He died of heart disease.

**Two Died of Burns.**  
Pittsburg, Nov. 17.—Joseph Dobson and his wife, Mrs. Anna Dobson, who were the victims of a natural gas explosion at their home, 1010 Carson street, died at the South Side hospital.

**Aged Lady Perished in Flames.**  
Dunkirk, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Mrs. Elizabeth Wilbur, aged 83 years, perished in the flames which destroyed her home, about three miles west of this city. She lived alone.

**Hayes Respired to Jan. 22.**  
Harrisburg, Nov. 17.—Governor Stone respired Mark Thomas Hayes, of Uniontown, who was to have been hanged next Tuesday, until Jan. 22.

**Joseph Parker Dead.**  
Belleville, Ont., Nov. 17.—Joseph Parker, father of Gilbert Parker, the well-known novelist, died here, aged 93 years.

**THE WEATHER.**  
Ohio—Fair in northern, rain in southern portions today. Sunday, probably rain or snow.  
Western Pennsylvania—Generally fair and warmer today; Sunday, increasing cloudiness and probably rain.  
West Virginia—Warmer today; probably rain or snow in northern half, Sunday, fair.

## HOPE NOT ABANDONED.

**Little Change Reported in Davis' Condition—Said to Realize Himself.**

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 17.—The condition of United States Senator Davis showed little change, according to the report from the sick room. Nothing is given out except through the physicians, whose bulletin reported the patient sleeping most of the time, but having a clear brain when awake. Temperature, 100; pulse, 108; respiration, 22. He continues to have a good appetite, but the ability to digest food is of great importance.

The weakened condition of the senator makes recuperation more difficult. His health, shattered in the civil war, was never fully recovered. However, his strong will is battling with the disease and hope has not been abandoned, although it is admitted that his condition is very critical. He realizes his serious condition, and, it is stated, has made all arrangements as to his estate.

Last night Dr. A. J. Stone issued this bulletin, being later than the one referred to above:

"Senator Davis is in a rather restful condition, but suffers no pain. His temperature is normal, pulse 104 and respiration 32."

## PROBABLY SIX KILLED.

**Fatal Collision on the Lake Shore—Three Known Dead—Three Reported Injured.**

Oil City, Nov. 17.—A head-end collision between a Pennsylvania extra freight train and the regular Lake Shore passenger train occurred about two miles west of Polk. Both engines were demolished. All of the passenger coaches left the track and 40 oil and coal cars of the freight were derailed. The wreckage destroyed all telegraph communication. The killed were: Thomas Sutton, baggage man, of Ashtabula.

John Kane, brakeman of the freight train, aged 40, and a resident of New Castle.

Two male passengers and the news boy, name unknown, are supposed to be dead beneath the wreckage.

Conductor James Paden, of this city, is hurt internally. Engineer Nathan Senter has both legs and left hip broken, and William Marvin, of Andover, O., has left arm broken and head and face cut. The latter was thrown off the train over an 11-foot embankment, but walked two miles to the institute for feeble minded at Polk and sent Superintendent Murdoch and Dr. McDowell to the relief of the injured.

## BUFFINGTON MAY MAKE DENIAL.

**Hub Bub Over Alleged Securing of French Gun Secret.**

Washington, Nov. 17.—It is believed General Buffington will send a letter to General Miles, denying he divulged the alleged secret that information about a French gun had been secured by an agent for the United States.

The French papers, some of them, are raising a great agitation.

Captain Lewis, the man said to have secured the secret, came here from New York and conferred with General Miles.

Secretary Hay said that Ambassador Porter's departure from Paris had absolutely nothing to do with the gun plan commission and that Mr. Leishman will not succeed him, even temporarily. General Porter, Mr. Hay said, had asked for and obtained leave of absence long before the gun matter came up.

## EPISCOPAL CHURCH CONGRESS.

**Special Prayers and Collects Said—Business Then Taken Up.**

Providence, R. I., Nov. 17.—At the seventh session of the twentieth church congress of the Episcopal church of the United States, after the special prayers and collects had been said, Bishop McVicar, the presiding officer, announced the subject of "The ecclesiastical independence of the Protestant Episcopal church."

The writers upon this subject were the Rev. Dr. Charles C. Tiffany and George Zahriski, both of New York. The scheduled speakers were the Rt. Rev. William Crosswell Doane, bishop of Albany; the Rev. Dr. S. D. McConnell, of Brooklyn; and the Rev. R. A. White, of Bloomfield, N. J.

## Rublin Signed Articles.

Mahanoy City, Pa., Nov. 17.—Gus Rublin arrived here and signed articles of agreement, after making a change, for a match with James Jeffries, who had forwarded them to him here, which had already been signed by Jeffries. He favored Siler for referee.

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Pittsburg, Nov. 17.—Joseph Dobson and his wife, Mrs. Anna Dobson, who were the victims of a natural gas explosion at their home, 1010 Carson street, died at the South Side hospital.

## Aged Lady Perished in Flames.

Dunkirk, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Mrs. Elizabeth Wilbur, aged 83 years, perished in the flames which destroyed her home, about three miles west of this city. She lived alone.

## Hayes Respired to Jan. 22.

Harrisburg, Nov. 17.—Governor Stone respired Mark Thomas Hayes, of Uniontown, who was to have been hanged next Tuesday, until Jan. 22.

## Joseph Parker Dead.

Belleville, Ont., Nov. 17.—Joseph Parker, father of Gilbert Parker, the well-known novelist, died here, aged 93 years.

## THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair in northern, rain in southern portions today. Sunday, probably rain or snow.  
Western Pennsylvania—Generally fair and warmer today; Sunday, increasing cloudiness and probably rain.  
West Virginia—Warmer today; probably rain or snow in northern half, Sunday, fair.

## PUT CHECK ON VICE.

### Bishop Potter Urges Van Wyck to Act.

#### COMPLAINS OF POLICE CONIVANCE

**Innocent of East Side N. Y. In Constant Danger—Mayor Promises to Compel Subordinates to Act—Orders Investigation of Insults to Clergymen.**

New York, Nov. 17.—Bishop Henry C. Potter, bishop of the Episcopal diocese of New York, sent a letter to Mayor Van Wyck in reference to vice in this city, and especially on the East Side.

At the present writing there are three movements directed against vice as it is displayed on the great East Side. These are a quietly conducted investigation by District Attorney Gardner in connection with Anthony Comstock's Society for the Suppression of Vice; Tammany's appointment of a committee to investigate present conditions; and Bishop Potter's crusade.

Bishop Potter in his letter to Mayor Van Wyck first calls attention to the work that is being done at the pro-cathedral, 130 Stanton street, in endeavoring to improve the condition of the poor of the East Side tenement district, in which it is located, and says it has been recognized as an important factor in promoting the virtue and good order of the community in which it ministers. He continued in part:

"In view of these facts it would seem that it has a valid claim upon the sympathy, co-operation, and at least courteous consideration of those who officially represent our city government and the guardianship of decency and good morals."

Further along Bishop Potter told how, when two clergymen called at the police station of the precinct to complain of the notorious condition of affairs, one of them was told by the police captain that he lied; and that when, disheartened by such an experience, the clergyman carried his complaint to a higher authority in the police, he was met with insolent derision.

The bishop further along in his letter said in part:

"I am not, I beg to say, unmindful of the fact that the existence of vice in a great city is, practically, an inevitable condition of the life of such a community. I am not demanding that vice shall be 'stamped out' by the police or any other civil authority. This is a task which would demand for its achievement a race of angels and not of men. But I approach you, sir, to protest with all my power against a condition of things in which vice is not only tolerated, but shielded and encouraged by those whose sworn duty it is to suppress and discourage it, and, in the name of unsullied youth and innocence, of young girls and their mothers, who, though living under conditions often of privation and the hard struggle for livelihood, have in them every instinct of virtue and purity that are the ornaments of any so-called gentleman in the land; and before God and in the face of the citizens of New York I protest, as my people have charged me to do, against the habitual insult, the persistent menace, the unutterably defiling contacts, to which, day by day, because of the base complacency of the police of New York with the lowest forms of vice and crime, they are subject."

"And, in the name of those little ones, these weak and defenseless ones, Christian and Hebrew alike, of many races and tongues, but of homes in which God is feared and his law revered, and virtue and decency honored and exemplified, I call upon you, sir, to save these people, who are in a very real way committed to your charge, from a living hell, defiling, deadly damning, to which the criminal sinfulness of the constituted authorities set for the defense of decency and good order, threatens to doom them."

Bishop Potter, in conclusion, says he has no methods to suggest for the bettering of the conditions; these are in the hands of the mayor. He says his letter is in accordance with instructions laid on him by the convention of the Episcopal church of this diocese and he leaves the matter in the mayor's hands.

Mayor Van Wyck at once replied to the bishop by letter, in which he said he had passed the bishop's communication to the district attorney, and then says:

"I wish here to assure you that I will exert every power which the law has given to right the wrongs and to do away with the conditions of which you complain and to secure a hearty and efficient co-operation by the police department with all who are working to do away with the public violations of law and decency."

"I stand ready at all times to assist and co-operate with you in this matter."

Mayor Van Wyck's letter to the district attorney requests him to co-operate with Bishop Potter and the police department in the movement. In a letter to the board of police commissioners the mayor encloses a copy of the bishop's letter and directs the commissioners to at once conduct a searching investigation into the conduct of the two police officials whom the bishop says insulted the clergymen. He also directs them to at once do away with the conditions complained of on the East Side. The mayor's closing paragraph is:

"I wish it distinctly understood that to this end I shall use to the utmost limit all the power vested in me and that I shall hold to personal responsibility those who fail to exert themselves in like manner."

## James E. Kitson Suicided.

Korristown, Pa., Nov. 17.—James E. Kitson, a 39 years, formerly one of the proprietors of the Kitson stock farm, near Chestnut Hill, Pa., committed suicide by shooting himself with a Winchester rifle. Mr. Kitson was a son of the late Commodore Kitson, of St. Paul, who bought a stock farm at Chestnut Hill in 1882 and died some years later. The farm was afterwards sold by his heirs and divided into building lots.

## GRIGGS RESIGNS.

**Expects to Leave the Cabinet March 4, Next.**

Washington, Nov. 17.—At a cabinet meeting Attorney General Griggs informed the president and his colleagues that after mature deliberation he had concluded that it would be impossible for him to remain a member of the cabinet for the next four years.

The resignation of the attorney general will not take effect until March 4 next and it is thought at present that all the other members, with the possible exception of the secretary of war, will retain their present positions.

## PRESIDENT EXPECTED TO ATTEND.

**Other Prominent People May Be at a Philadelphia Club Banquet.**

Philadelphia, Nov. 17.—Following the recent announcement that President McKinley will attend the celebration of Founders' day at the Union league, Philadelphia's famous Republican club, an additional announcement was made that Vice President-elect Roosevelt will also attend, along with Secretary of War Root, Secretary of State Day, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, Attorney General Griggs and Postmaster General Smith. Prominent guests from all parts of the country will be present at the celebration, which will be held on Nov. 24.

## Frederick W. Royce Dead.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Frederick W. Royce, widely known as an inventor, electrician and veteran telegraph operator, dropped dead from apoplexy here.

## Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Wheat was weak Friday, closing with a net loss of 1½¢. Corn closed ½¢ and oats 1½¢ lower. Provisions were 5½¢ lower.

## The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

## GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.

Wheat (old)	75
Hay, per ton	10 00 to 12 00
Straw, per ton	5 50
Corn	40
Oats	22 25
Clover Seed	5 00-5 50
Timothy Seed	2 00
Rye, per bu.	50
Barley	48
Flax seed	1 50
Wool (unwashed, fine)	14-15½
Wool (unwashed, medium)	20-21

## FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel new	35
Beets, per bushel	40
Apples	45-50
Cabbage, per dozen	40-50
Evaporated apples	.08 to .10
White beans	2 00
Onions	60

## BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY

Butter	20-22
Eggs	18
Chickens, live, per lb.	7
Spring Chickens, dressed, lb.	10-11

## MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham	12½
Shoulder	09
Lard	08
Sides	.06 to .07
Cheese	12

## The following are retail prices:

Bran, per 100 lbs.	90
Middlings, per 100 lbs.	90

When you want prompt acting little pills that never gripe use DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

## Jell-O, The New Dessert.

pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10 cts. Try it today.

Many people worry because they believe they have heart disease. The chances are that their hearts are all right but their stomachs are unable to digest food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and prevents the formation of gas which makes the stomach press against the heart. It will cure every form of indigestion. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, and Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

HUSTLING YOUNG MAN can make \$60 per month and expenses. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. Write quick for particulars. Clark & Co. 4th and Locust Sts., Phila., Pa.

J. W. Bryan, of Lowder, Ill., writes: "My little boy was very low with pneumonia. Unknown to the doctor we gave him Foley's Honey and Tar. The result was magical and puzzled the doctor, as it immediately stopped the racking cough and he quickly recovered." Rider & Snyder.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

There is no pleasure in life if you dread going to the table to eat and can't rest at night on account of indigestion. Henry Williams, of Booneville, Ind., says he suffered that way for years, till he commenced the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, and adds, "Now I can eat anything I like and all I want and sleep soundly every night." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest what you eat. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Everyone is afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure—Doan's Ointment. 50 cents.

## What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No baking! add hot water and set to cool. Flavors, Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10 cts.

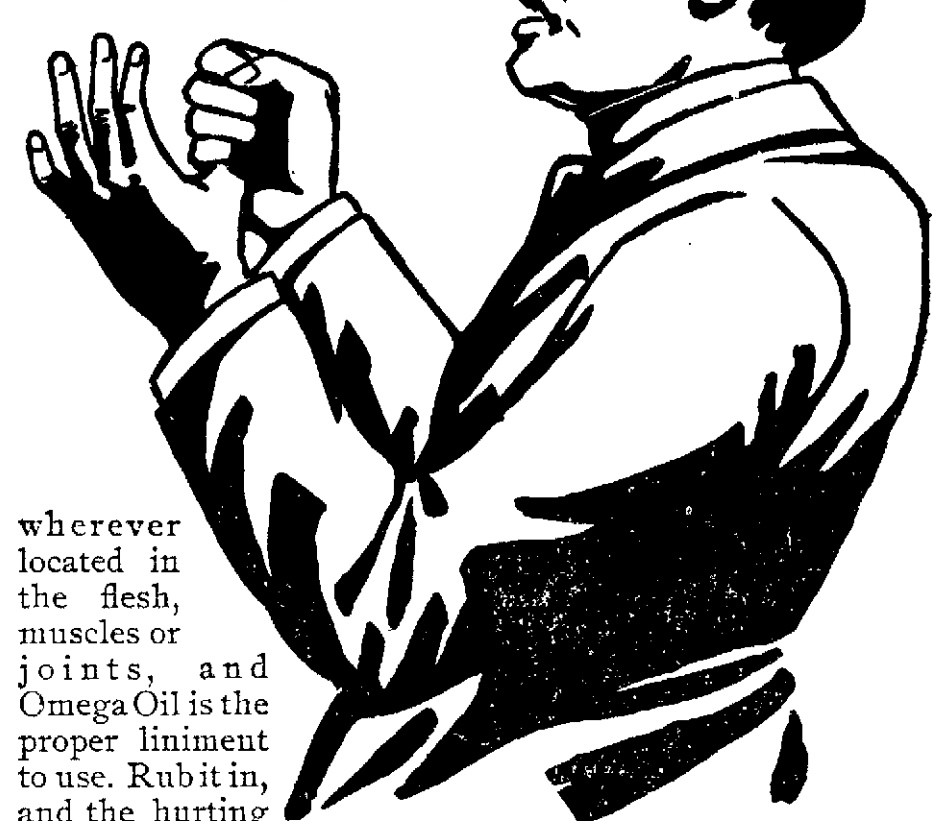
## Sick Headache and Neuralgia

are speedily cured by Shusser's Sick and Nervous Headache Tablets. 10 and 25c. at druggists. Sold by all druggists.

# Omega Oil

## For Any Pain

A sprained thumb, arm, wrist or ankle, a stiff elbow or knee, a lame back or shoulder, an aching hip or leg—all these things are alike to Omega Oil. An ache is an ache, and a pain is a pain



wherever located in the flesh, muscles or joints, and Omega Oil is the proper liniment to use. Rub it in, and the hurting will stop. Don't be afraid of using it, because it won't burn or blister. Nature makes this oil for exactly this purpose, and Nature has never made a mistake since the beginning of time. Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Any druggist will supply you, or the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail a bottle prepaid for you, in cash, money order or stamps.

# "The Pilgrim"

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY has completed arrangements with the publishers of the above named monthly which enables it to make an unprecedented offer to the readers of THE INDEPENDENT. Every subscriber to the Semi-Weekly, by paying a year's subscription in advance, will receive "The Pilgrim" for one year

## Absolutely Free!

"The Pilgrim" is essentially a magazine for the home, and all its departments are of the most instructive and entertaining character. The following table of contents of a recent issue fairly illustrates the scope of the magazine: "The Man Without the Hoe" (poem); "John Ruskin;" "Nature's Wonder: the Grand Canon of the Colorado;" "Unchaperoned in Spain" (story); "Educational: Transportation of Rural School Pupils at Public Expense;" "Personal Recollections of the American Civil War Period;" "The Social Link" (story); "The Mother's Realm;" "The House Beautiful;" "Artistic Attire;" "The Wealth of Health;" "Mid Plants and Blossoms;" "The Bath and Toilet;" "The Fine Arts of Cooking and Sewing;" "Home Recreations;" Editorial Notes, a page for little folks, and much other matter of more than usual interest—all superbly illustrated with half-tone plates.

## Remember the Terms:

Every subscriber to the Semi-Weekly paying one year in advance will receive "The Pilgrim" for twelve months FREE OF CHARGE. The subscription price of the monthly has never been less than one dollar per year. THE SEMI-WEEKLY INDEPENDENT and "The Pilgrim," one year,

## ONE DOLLAR!



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

**Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.**

E. J. Critchfield is seriously ill with typhoid fever at his home, 54 Warwick street.

Miss Emma Baldwin, of Monroeville, is the guest of Miss Ethel Doddridge, in Park street.

The annual meeting of the county auditors of the state will be held at Columbus, November 20 and 21.

The ladies of the Christian church will hold an exchange at the wall paper store of L. A. Koons Wednesday, Nov. 28.

Rural Mail Carrier Brady now covers his route in a cart made especially for the purpose. Heretofore he made his rounds in an ordinary spring wagon.

The Rev. S. K. Mahon, of the Wesley Methodist church, has returned from Perryville, where he attended a meeting of the conference of the Wooster district.

The W. & L. E. railway company has purchased a site for a new depot at Navarre, from J. M. Corl. The present depot will probably be moved nearer the highway and an addition added.

The report of the board of visitors to charitable and penal institutions says the Columbiana county jail, at Lisbon, "is not fit for the habitation of either man or beast and is a blot on the escutcheon of Columbiana county."

W. S. Moke has removed from Canal Dover to this city and has entered upon his duties in the J. W. Foltz store. Mr. Moke was at one time employed in the erstwhile Marks Brothers. He has resided in Canal Dover for the last year or two.

The Ladies' Catholic Benefit Association held a social at the home of Mrs. Ida Murphy, in South East street, Thursday evening, for the benefit of St. Joseph's church. Progressive euchre was played. The contributions amounted to \$25.25.

Thomas Plant, assistant engineer at the hospital, was killed Friday, and three rabbits and a quail fell his victims. Mr. Plant's success has filled every man about the institution with a desire to take to the woods.

The body of the late Estella Kinney, the state hospital patient who committed suicide last Sunday, was Thursday morning sent to Akron for burial. Some difficulty was experienced in locating the mother of the deceased, who, at the time of her daughter's death, was absent from that city.

Francis Strobel was given a surprise party at his Jarvis avenue residence on Thursday evening in honor of his sixtieth birthday by the members of the order of the Eastern Star. The guests came masked, but later threw off their disguises. Mr. Strobel was presented with a handsome jeweled star, the emblem of the order.

Two hundred people attended the reception tendered Mr. and Mrs. August Boeyner at the country home of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Stuhlreder Thursday afternoon. Supper was served, after which there was dancing. Music was furnished by Yost's orchestra. The young people will reside on North Mill street in this city.

Jacob P. Geis and Miss Jennie Clark were married at the parsonage of St. John's Evangelical church by the Rev. J. E. Digel at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Geis will reside in Third street. The bride is a daughter of the late David Clark, of this city. The groom formerly resided in Jackson township, being a son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Geis.

Frank Heckerthorn, of this city, and Miss Augusta Drake, of Millport, were married Thursday at the East Tremont street home of the groom. The ceremony was performed at 7 o'clock by the Rev. G. W. Loebe, in the presence of a few friends and relatives. After the ceremony supper was served. The newly wedded pair will reside in East Tremont street.

The marriage of Otto Donno, of Crystal Spring, to Miss Maud Oberlin, was solemnized this afternoon at St. Paul's church, the Rev. L. H. Barry officiating. They were attended by Frederick Donno, a brother of the groom, and Miss Martha Oberlin, sister of the bride. Immediately after the ceremony they were driven to Crystal Spring, where they will reside.

The marriage of John Frederick Koonitz and Miss Eva May Fals occurred at the parsonage of St. John's Evangelical church at 6 o'clock Thursday evening. The Rev. J. E. Digel officiated. The attendants were George P. Koonitz and Miss Frances A. Ingold. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Fals, of 99 Park street. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Koonitz.

Word is received from Akron that T. L. Childs, the promoter of the Canton-Akron electric railroad, has succeeded in getting the Stark county commissioners to reconsider their refusal to grant a franchise and the matter will be brought up again next Monday. The residents of the villages and districts through which the line will pass have prepared petitions to the commissioners asking that the franchise be granted.

The Canton-East Liverpool railroad, which is to form the connecting link for the Baltimore & Ohio between Pittsburg and Chicago, has a force of eighty men grading between Smith's Ferry and Fredericktown. The work will be pushed as long as the weather will permit. The new line will cross the Ohio at Smith's Ferry, and will connect at Canton with the Cleveland & Valley Terminal, which is Baltimore & Ohio property.

John Jacobs and Mrs. Carrie J. Brown have returned from Greenfield, Ia., where they went to serve as witnesses in

the trial of a man named Berger, who under different aliases has obtained money through a swindling scheme in various parts of the country. By representing that he had bought a large tract of land in Iowa belonging to Mr. Jacobs, Berger had almost succeeded in raising a large sum, when the deed which he held was discovered to be a forgery. At the trial the swindler pleaded guilty and was sentenced to imprisonment for seventeen years in the Fort Madison penitentiary.

Yesterday the law went into effect requiring the use of what is known as a low water alarm on all boilers. This is an automatic device which causes a whistle to sound when the water reaches a certain point, which point is above the danger mark. This will be a warning to the engineer or other man in charge to fill the boiler. Neglect to comply with the law will lay anyone who uses a boiler without the device liable to a fine of \$25 and 30 days imprisonment, or not more than \$50 fine and 90 days imprisonment. These devices have been in use for a number of years. Russell & Co., of this city, have used the device on a great many of the plants that they have installed. The boilers in their works are being fitted at the present time.

## OBITUARY NOTICES.

MRS. REBECCA SAILER.

Mrs. Rebecca Sailer, wife of William B. Sailer, died at her home at 27 Superior street, at 8 o'clock Thursday evening, of typhoid fever, after an illness of three weeks. Mr. Sailer, who is now in Milwaukee, where he is employed as a glassblower, has been notified, and will reach the city this afternoon. Mrs. Sailer was the mother of twelve children, six of whom survive her. Mrs. Sailer was a native of Campbelltown, N. J., her maiden name having been Nelson.

DEATH OF SLAITH MORLEY.

CANAL FULTON, NOV. 16.—Word has been received here of the death of Slaith Morley, brother of the late John Morley, at his home in Beech Creek, Pa., at the age of 83 years. The deceased was for many years a resident of this village, and was engaged in the harness business. He moved to Pennsylvania in 1870. He leaves two sons and a daughter, Mrs. F. D. Liggett, of Canton. In 1864 Mr. Morley was a candidate for sheriff in this county.

ROBERT JOHN ALLEN.

Robert John Allen was born in Wales June 5, 1876; died November 8, 1900, aged 24 years, 5 months and 3 days. He emigrated to America with his parents twelve years ago and from an early age worked in the mines of the Massillon district until the breaking out of the Spanish-American war, when he enlisted in the service of his country, serving in the Ninth Pennsylvania volunteers. Returning from the war he commenced work in the rolling mills at Struthers, near Youngstown, O. He was married to Miss Laura Morgan December 23, 1899. On the evening of November 8 he was killed by the bursting of a cannon, living but a few hours after being struck. John Allen was a man of the most liberal character; kind and good-hearted; generous even to a fault. His many friends say of him, "that he always had a kind word for every one and was ever ready to help those who were in need of kindly ministrations," thus imitating that one who in traveling down the Jericho road found the "man fallen among thieves." The funeral was held from Sixteen church, Sunday, November 11, at 2 p. m., being the largest funeral which has been held from that church for many years. The services were conducted by the Revs. Lloyd and Davis, also the Rev. N. E. Moffit. The beautiful and impressive burial service of the Order of Foresters was read at the grave by the branch of Foresters at East Greenville, and here may be rest in peace until the Great Resurrection, recovered over by the leaves of the forest.

## Don't Miss This!

Full relief given to sufferers from constipation, biliousness or liver troubles by using Slusser's Vegetable Liver Pills. Sold by all druggists.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

## Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It.

## How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

## What To Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and \$1. sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

## HAS SLAIN HIS MAN.

## Tales of a Time When J. Jacoby Shot to Kill.

## THE PANAMA RIOT IN 1855.

**Staid First Ward Councilman, Then an Adventurous Youth, Was in the Midst of It—Killed a Man to Get His Carpetsack, Slew and Wounded to Gain the Depot and Then Swam Four Miles to Safety.**

Councilman Jacoby, of the first ward, has killed his man. It was in 1855. "We were bound for the gold fields of California, were my brother-in-law, William Buck, of Defiance, and a man named Fisher, of Bolivar, and I," remarked Mr. Jacoby, last evening, "and, of course, we had to take the circuitous route by water and across the isthmus of Panama or go by wagon overland. We chose the water route, and with about 1,500 other passengers we landed in the city of Panama one warm summer evening. An hour later we were all fighting for our lives. The great Panama riot was on. A member of our party had had trouble with a native vender of oranges over the price of some fruit he had bought, and they came to blows. Other natives had turned in to help the fruit dealer, and other whites came to the aid of their companion. It later turned out that a plot had been laid to kill and rob the party of miners returning from California, but we happened in at such an opportune time that they thought they might as well possess themselves of what we had.

"Well, the trouble started so quickly and spread to such an extent that we were in it before we knew what was going on. We had a few hours to wait in Panama until we could get to the ship which we were to take for San Francisco, and most of us had stored our baggage away in the hotels, which were being looted by the natives. The latter had no firearms, but used stones, sticks and machetes, and while one crowd kept us engaged in fight the entire time another went through our property. I wanted to get my carpetsack, and when I told my friends so they stood aghast and swore it meant sure death. But I started. I got inside the hotel, and as luck would have it found my carpetsack without difficulty. When I turned to leave I was met face to face by three natives.

"I made no show of fight, but attempted to pass out between them. They closed in, so I attempted to pass around them. Then one of them gave me a push, and at the same time raised his machete. That was the last thing he did in this world. My revolver, in an instant, was out and speaking, and speaking to kill. I did not want any more bloodshed than was necessary, so I did not turn my pistol on the man's companions, who were now showing away their dead friend. In the hours of fighting that followed I fired many another shot and many another native felt the cold lead I sent forth, but this man at the hotel is the only one of whose death I am absolutely sure. I know this man was killed. The expression of his face was not the expression of the living, and besides I know that my bullet went straight to the heart.

"My friends by this time had given me up for dead, and I never saw a more surprised set of men in my life when I came in among them with my carpetsack and other belongings which we had left in the hotel. We now sought safety in the depot of the new railway company, over whose line we had crossed the isthmus from the gulf to the Pacific coast. While on our way there we encountered another gang of natives. There must have been a hundred of them. My companions saw that we were no match for so large a crowd, so they advised getting away. I was foolishly those days, however, and instead of taking shelter I slowly walked out to meet the natives. Slowly they advanced toward me. They were a cowardly set, for although I was alone coming toward them they were not making any rushes toward me. Finally, however, I saw one make the movement that meant the throwing of the deadly machete. Then my revolver came out again, and every cartridge in its chambers were emptied into that crowd. Every bullet took effect, but whether or not any of those hit were killed I cannot say. Those who were not hurt were scared nearly to death and they hastened away, carrying their wounded along.

"That was an awful chance I took, though. When I think of it now I realize how near death I was at that time, but then I did not give the danger so much as a passing thought. After that we all went into the station, and from the windows of the building we kept up a continual volley into the hands of natives that were constantly assaulting the place, using every means they knew to gain an entrance into the place. Finally we were forced to again take to the streets, and in squads we fought hand to hand for hours. I was well supplied with cartridges, and my bulidogs did lots of barking that night.

"When word came that a ferry boat was ready to carry us to the ship that lay at anchor some distance out at sea, I started and went with the rest down to the beach. Everybody who possibly could crowded into that small boat. Realizing our helpless position in case we were attacked I removed my boots, and decided that if trouble came I

would take to the water and endeavor to swim to the ship. There was a small life boat attached to the ferry boat, and several of the party loosened this and started in it for the ship. One young woman, in attempting to jump into this boat as it left, missed it and went waist deep into the treacherous quicksand that lay near shore. A sudden lurch of our boat sent me overboard to a point near where the woman had been thrown. I succeeded in freeing her and getting her to a safe place.

"To get into the ferry boat I now saw was impossible, for it was so full that there was not room for one more. I was a good swimmer those days, and I decided to strike out alone for our ship. I swam to a buoy, which I recognized by a spot on the water blacker than the darkness. Getting upon this I removed most of my clothing, took my pocketbook in my teeth and started on my long swim. These waves that came toward me, and the big waves that came toward me, forced me backward as fast as I could move forward. I saw I could never accomplish anything this way, and then it occurred to me that if when I saw the wave coming I would duck into the water I would pass through it and the reflex action would help me on my way. I tried this plan, and it worked first rate. In two hours I was at the ship. The sailors told me I had swam four miles in a water in which the shark is not unknown.

I had lost my pocketbook, for carrying it in my teeth I had discovered was not a good plan. My mouth filled with salt water too often. I had slipped it into my bosom after that, and it had been washed away. Well, I got to San Francisco all right, though I was perfectly destitute, for practically all I had in the world was in that pocketbook at the bottom of the sea. My clothing, which was in the carpetsack, I got all right. I found my brother-in-law among the passengers the ferry boat brought over shortly after I reached the ship. He had lost nothing. I got into San Francisco without a cent in my pocket and owing for my passage. We went into the gold mines, and for three years remained there. We did fairly well. But the Panama riot was one of the thrilling experiences of my life. A counting of noses the morning after the riot showed that 200 of our party were missing. The killed natives must have numbered almost as many."

## \$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liver Pills, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail, stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by S. A. by Z. S. Bausch, druggist, Massillon, Ohio.

## BLOOD POISON

If you ever contracted any blood disease you are never safe unless it with one bite of poison has been eradicated from the system. At times you see alarming symptoms, but live in hopes no serious results will follow. Have you any of the following symptoms? Sore Throat, Ulcers on the Tongue or in the Mouth, Hair Falling Out, Aching Pains, Itchiness of the Skin, Sores or Blotches on the Body, Eyes Red and Smart, Dyspeptic Stomach, Sexual Weakness, indications of the second stage. Don't trust to luck. Don't ruin your system with the old foggy treatment—mercury and potash—which only suppresses the symptoms for a time, only to break out again, when happy in domestic life. Don't let quacks experiment on you. Our New Method Treatment is guaranteed to cure you. Our guarantee are backed by bank bonds, that the disease will never return. Thousands of patients have been already cured by our New Method Treatment for over twenty years. No experiment, no risk—not a "patch-up," but a positive cure. The worst cases solicited. We treat and cure Nervous Debility, Sexual Weakness, Gleet, Blood Poison, Stricture, Varicose, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, and all diseases peculiar to men and women.

CURES GUARANTEED. Consultation Free. Books Free. If unable to call, write for question blank for home treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN 247 Superior Street, CLEVELAND, - - OHIO.

J. Odgers, of Frostburg, Md., writes: "I had a bad attack of kidney complaint and tried Foley's Kidney Cure which gave me relief, and I was perfectly cured after taking two bottles." Rider & Snyder.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.: Gentlemen,—Our family realize so much from the use of Grain-o that I feel I must say a word to induce others to use it. If people are interested in their health and the welfare of their children they will use no other beverage. I have used them all, but Grain-o I have found superior to any, for the reason that it is solid grain. Yours for health, C. F. MYERS.

After an exposure or when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to cure, and will prevent pneumonia or consumption. Don't accept substitutes. Nothing so good. Rider & Snyder.

Punching Bags, Indian Clubs, Dumb Bells, Exercisers, Bahney's, a new complete line at 20 E. Main St.

## INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

## WANTED.

EVERYBODY to know that the Workingmen's Home Cooperative Association will buy you a home for \$1,000.00, pay off the mortgage on the one you now have, you pay \$5.00 per month on each \$1,000.00; no interest. Call at office and investigate the plan. Hunt Block, Room 2, 25 East Main St.

EVERYBODY to know that Borwa's second-hand store is now located at No. 7 Canal street in the room formerly occupied by the Pearl steam laundry.

GIRL—A good girl for general housework, aged about 25 or 26 years. Inquire 443 East Main street.

HOUSEKEEPER—A good housekeeper, inquire of Frederick Thompson, Walnut street.

HORSE—A good driver, must be sound and all right. A. A. Kallcock, 105 East Main street.

HORSES—To winter a number of horses at the Dalton stock farm, 8 miles west of Massillon, one mile and a half northeast of Dalton. On healthy and safe. Very cheap if sold soon. Must have 200 cash, balance \$5.00 a month. Also two lots on Edwin St., cheap. Thomas Hurd, over 50 E. Erie St.

HOUSE—The Frank Harding house, corner of East Oak and McLain streets. For particulars inquire of Wm. F. Hicks.

HOUSE—Eight room house, 53 Henry St. Seven room house, 14 Washington Ave. Five room house, 50 Chester street. Lot 4 1/2 x 100 ft. on Wellman street. Lot 4 1/2 x 100 ft. on Green street. Lot 4 1/2 x 100 ft. on Cedar street. Lot 4 1/2 x 100 ft. on Chester street. Two lots 4 1/2 x 100 ft. on South Erie street. Above properties for sale cheap if sold soon. K. H. Crawford, Jr., agent, over No. 6 South Erie street, Massillon. Bell Phone 259.

MANAGER—One established mercantile house wants honest, capable man to manage branch. Salary \$125 month, extra commissions. No soliciting required, but must take general direction business and be ambitious. Good references and \$800 cash required. Experience as manager not necessary if qualified in other respects. Opportunity Drawer 74, New Haven, Conn.

PATTERN MAKER—First class pattern maker wanted; competent to make his own drawings. Correspond with P. O. Box 54, Wheeling, W. Va.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our goods by sample to wholesale and retail trade. We are the largest and only manufacturers in our line in the world. Liberal salary paid. Address, Can-Dex Mfg. Co., Savannah, Ga.

TWO houses centrally located. Inquire at Sonnhater Bros. grocery.

WAGON—A medium light platform spring wagon in good condition; must be cheap for cash. Call at Clark's commission store.

## FOUND.

SPE TABLES—A pair of gold rimmed spectacles. Owner can have same by idon trying property at this office and paying for this advertisement.

## EXCHANGED.

SHAWL—Some time last summer or fall a shawl was lost. Owner can have same by idon trying property at this office and paying for this advertisement.

## LOST.

A PAIR of Gannets between the Presbyterian church and armory, on Plum or Erie street. Finder please leave at The Independent office.

## FOUND.

SHAWL—Some time last summer or fall a shawl was lost. Owner can have same by idon trying property at this office and paying for this advertisement.

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## FOR SALE.

ENGINE—Any person wanting a 10-horse traction engine cheap write to H. Mathews, Canal Fulton, box 451.

FARM of 16 acres, with good dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings, good water, one mile south of Brookfield. Inquire of George Borell, West Brookfield.

FERRIES—Choice, trained stock, white or brown; cheap. Address J. H. Amstutz, Rittman, O.

HARBOUR—Inquire at this office.

HOUSE—A ten roomed house with all modern conveniences, corner Hill and South street, lot 72x150 feet. Inquire of W. F. Brown at Postoffice.

HOUSE of four rooms on Warwick street, summer kitchen, large cupboards in kitchen, good w. h., stone cellar. Very cheap if sold soon. Must have 200 cash, balance \$5.00 a month. Also two lots on Edwin St., cheap. Thomas Hurd, over 50 E. Erie St.

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LOT on Cedar street, 40x90, price \$1200; lot 50x100, corner Main and Cedar street, 10 roomed brick house, price \$3500; lot 40x135 on E. Tremont, price \$300. S. Burt.

LAND—25 acres of land with good barn and house in good location, situated on N. Mill street, one mile north of town. For particulars inquire of Mrs. Joe. Ozer.

MINE timber and lumber sawed to order. For prices write to John Bimeler, Zoar, Ohio.

RANGE—A Climax range good as new and a Laurel open face heating stove. Inquire of Mrs. C. H. Rudolph, 67 E. Main.

SEVEN roomed house on Borden avenue. Call and see C. V. Hammersmith.

THE WILSON HOUSE at a sacrifice on account of death of wife. A. Wilcox.

HOUSE—A five-roomed house with good water and cellar. Inquire at 333 Washington avenue.

NEW seven roomed house, all modern conveniences; possession immediately. 34 Plum street. Inquire of Dr. C. P. Wolf, 17 E. Main, or Mrs. B. McCue, 66 E. Main St.

SIX roomed house on Plum street. Inquire of Thos. Volkmar, 28 Andrew St.

STOREROOM in the Beatty block, in East Main street, formerly occupied by the Millerlinton. Inquire of H. T. Beatty agent.

THREE rooms furnished or unfurnished. Water and gas in house and use of basement and stove for washing; near shops. Inquire at 224 E. East street, or of Dr. Williamson.

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